

Smart Highside Power Switch

Features

- Load dump and reverse battery protection¹⁾
 - Clamp of negative voltage at output
 - Short-circuit protection
 - Current limitation
 - Thermal shutdown
 - Diagnostic feedback
 - Open load detection in OFF-state
 - CMOS compatible input
 - **Electrostatic discharge (ESD)** protection
 - Loss of ground and loss of V_{bb} protection²⁾
 - Overvoltage protection
 - Undervoltage and overvoltage shutdown with auto-restart and hysteresis
- $V_{Load\ dump}$
 $V_{bb} - V_{OUT\ Avail}$
 V_{bb} (operation)
 V_{bb} (reverse)
 R_{ON}
 $I_{L(SCp)}$
 $I_{L(SCr)}$
 $I_{L(ISO)}$

Application

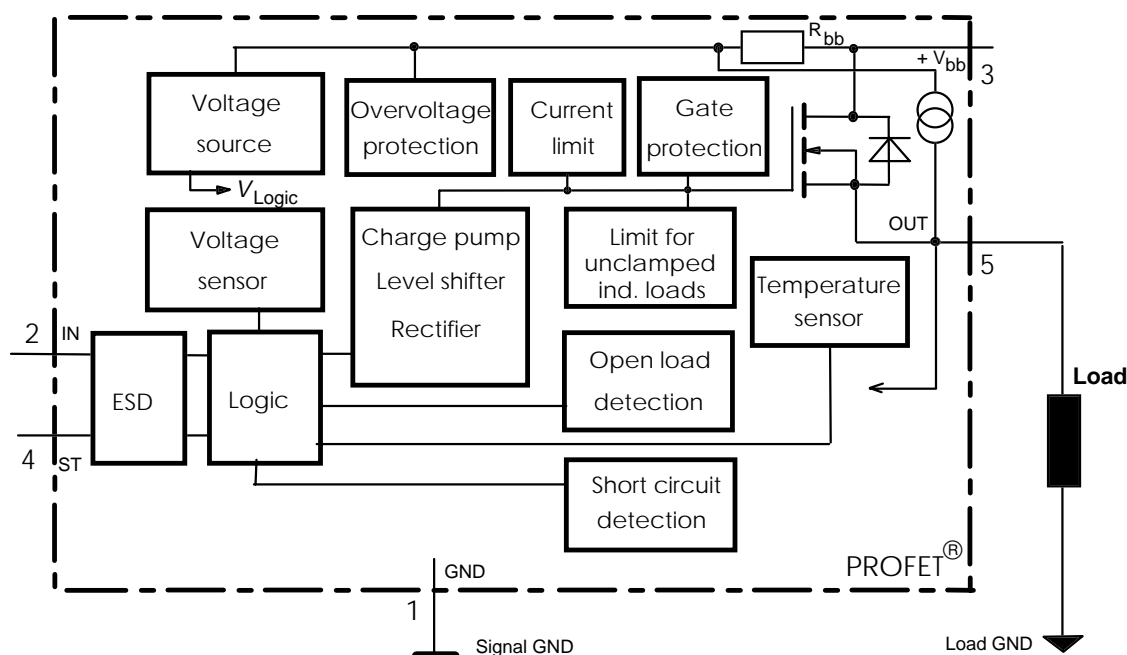
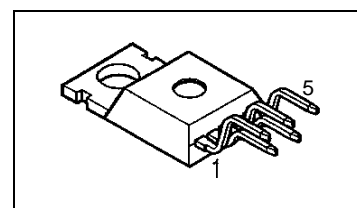
- μ C compatible power switch with diagnostic feedback for 12 V and 24 V DC grounded loads
- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Replaces electromechanical relays and discrete circuits

General Description

N channel vertical power FET with charge pump, ground referenced CMOS compatible input and diagnostic feedback, integrated in Smart SIPMOS® chip on chip technology. Fully protected by embedded protection functions.

Product Summary

$V_{Load\ dump}$	80	V
$V_{bb}-V_{OUT}$ Avalanche Clamp	58	V
V_{bb} (operation)	4.5 ... 42	V
V_{bb} (reverse)	-32	V
R_{ON}	38	m Ω
$I_L(SCp)$	42	A
$I_L(SCr)$	33	A
$I_L(ISO)$	11	A



¹⁾ No external components required, reverse load current limited by connected load.

2) Additional external diode required for charged inductive loads

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	GND -	Logic ground
2	IN I	Input, activates the power switch in case of logical high signal
3	V _{bb} +	Positive power supply voltage, the tab is shorted to this pin
4	ST S	Diagnostic feedback, low on failure
5	OUT (Load, L) O	Output to the load

Maximum Ratings at T_j = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit	
Supply voltage (overvoltage protection see page 3)	V_{bb}	63	V	
Load dump protection $V_{LoadDump} = U_A + V_S$, $U_A = 13.5\text{ V}$ $R_I = 2\ \Omega$, $R_L = 1.1\ \Omega$, $t_d = 200\text{ ms}$, IN= low or high	$V_S^{3)}$	66.5	V	
Load current (Short-circuit current, see page 4)	I_L	self-limited	A	
Operating temperature range	T_j	-40 ...+150	°C	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 ...+150		
Power dissipation (DC)	P_{tot}	125	W	
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation, single pulse $T_j=150\text{ °C}$:	E_{AS}	1.7	J	
Electrostatic discharge capability (ESD) (Human Body Model)	V_{ESD}	2.0	kV	
Input voltage (DC)	V_{IN}	-0.5 ... +6	V	
Current through input pin (DC)	I_{IN}	±5.0	mA	
Current through status pin (DC)	I_{ST}	±5.0		
see internal circuit diagrams page 6...				
Thermal resistance	chip - case: junction - ambient (free air): SMD version, device on pcb ⁴⁾ :	R_{thJC} R_{thJA}	≤ 1 ≤ 75 $\leq tbd$	K/W

3) V_S is setup without DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839

4) Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter and Conditions at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, $V_{bb} = 12\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	

Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics

On-state resistance (pin 3 to 5) $I_L = 2\text{ A}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$:	R_{ON}	--	30 55	38 70	mΩ
Nominal load current (pin 3 to 5) ISO Proposal: $V_{ON} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $T_C = 85\text{ °C}$	$I_{L(ISO)}$	9	11	--	A
Output current (pin 5) while GND disconnected or GND pulled up, $V_{IN} = 0$, see diagram page 7, $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$	$I_{L(GNDhigh)}$	--	--	1	mA
Turn-on time to 90% V_{OUT} :	t_{on}	50	160	300	μs
Turn-off time to 10% V_{OUT} :	t_{off}	10	--	80	
$R_L = 12\text{ Ω}$, $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$					
Slew rate on 10 to 30% V_{OUT} , $R_L = 12\text{ Ω}$, $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$	dV/dt_{on}	0.4	--	2.5	V/μs
Slew rate off 70 to 40% V_{OUT} , $R_L = 12\text{ Ω}$, $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$	$-dV/dt_{off}$	1	--	5	V/μs

Operating Parameters

Operating voltage ⁵⁾ $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(on)}$	4.5	--	42	V
Undervoltage shutdown $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(under)}$	2.4	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(u\text{ rst})}$	--	--	4.5	V
Undervoltage restart of charge pump see diagram page 12 $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(ucp)}$	--	6.5	7.5	V
Undervoltage hysteresis $\Delta V_{bb(under)} = V_{bb(u\text{ rst})} - V_{bb(under)}$	$\Delta V_{bb(under)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Overvoltage shutdown $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(over)}$	42	--	52	V
Overvoltage restart $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(o\text{ rst})}$	42	--	--	V
Overvoltage hysteresis $T_j = -40\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$\Delta V_{bb(over)}$	--	0.2	--	V
Overvoltage protection ⁶⁾ $I_{bb} = 40\text{ mA}$ $T_j = -40\text{ °C}$: $T_j = 25\text{...}+150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{bb(AZ)}$	60 63	-- 67	--	V
Standby current (pin 3) $V_{IN} = 0$, $I_{ST} = 0$, $T_j = -40\text{...}+25\text{ °C}$: $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$:	$I_{bb(off)}$	-- --	40 50	70 110	μA
Operating current (Pin 1) ⁷⁾ , $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	I_{GND}	--	1.1	--	mA

5) At supply voltage increase up to $V_{bb} = 6.5\text{ V}$ typ without charge pump, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{bb} - 2\text{ V}$

6) see also $V_{ON(CL)}$ in table of protection functions and circuit diagram page 7. Measured without load.

7) Add I_{ST} , if $I_{ST} > 0$, add I_{IN} , if $V_{IN} > 5.5\text{ V}$

Parameter and Conditions at T _j = 25 °C, V _{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min	typ	max	
Protection Functions					
Initial peak short circuit current limit (pin 3 to 5) ⁸⁾ , (max 400 μs if V _{ON} > V _{ON(SC)}) T _i =-40°C: T _i =25°C: T _j =+150°C:	I _{L(SCp)}	-- -- 22	-- 42 --	72 -- --	A
Repetitive short circuit current limit T _j = T _{jt} (see timing diagrams, page 10)	I _{L(SCr)}	20	33	--	A
Short circuit shutdown delay after input pos. slope V _{ON} > V _{ON(SC)} , T _j =-40..+150°C: min value valid only, if input "low" time exceeds 30 μs	t _{d(SC)}	80	--	400	μs
Output clamp (inductive load switch off) at V _{OUT} = V _{bb} - V _{ON(CL)} , I _L = 30 mA	V _{ON(CL)}	--	58	--	V
Short circuit shutdown detection voltage (pin 3 to 5)	V _{ON(SC)}	--	8.3	--	V
Thermal overload trip temperature	T _{jt}	150	--	--	°C
Thermal hysteresis	ΔT _{jt}	--	10	--	K
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation ⁹⁾ , T _j Start = 150 °C, single pulse V _{bb} = 12 V: V _{bb} = 24 V:	E _{AS} E _{Load12} E _{Load24}	--	--	1.7 1.3 1.0	J
Reverse battery (pin 3 to 1) ¹⁰⁾	-V _{bb}	--	--	32	V
Integrated resistor in V _{bb} line	R _{bb}	--	120	--	Ω

Diagnostic Characteristics



Open load detection current	$I_{L(off)}$	10	30	60	μA
Open load detection voltage $T_j = -40\text{ °C}..150\text{ °C}$:	$V_{OUT(OL)}$	2	3	4	V

⁸⁾ Short circuit current limit for max. duration of 400 μs , prior to shutdown (see $t_{d(SC)}$ page 4)

⁹⁾ While demagnetizing load inductance, dissipated energy in PROFET is $E_{AS} = \int V_{ON(CL)} * I_L(t) dt$, approx.

$E_{AS} = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2 * (\frac{V_{ON(CL)}}{V_{ON(CL)} - V_{bb}})$, see diagram page 8

¹⁰⁾ Reverse load current (through intrinsic drain-source diode) is normally limited by the connected load. Reverse current I_{GND} of $\approx 0.3\text{ A}$ at $V_{bb} = -32\text{ V}$ through the logic heats up the device. Time allowed under these condition is dependent on the size of the heatsink. Reverse I_{GND} can be reduced by an additional external GND-resistor (150 Ω). Input and Status currents have to be limited (see max. ratings page 2 and circuit page 7).

Parameter and Conditions at T _j = 25 °C, V _{bb} = 12 V unless otherwise specified		Symbol	Values			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Input and Status Feedback ¹¹⁾						
Input turn-on threshold voltage	 T _j = -40..+150°C:	V _{IN(T+)}	1.5	--	2.4	V
Input turn-off threshold voltage	 T _j = -40..+150°C:	V _{IN(T-)}	1.0	--	--	V
Input threshold hysteresis		Δ V _{IN(T)}	--	0.5	--	V
Off state input current (pin 2)	V _{IN} = 0.4 V:	I _{IN(off)}	1	--	30	μA
On state input current (pin 2)	V _{IN} = 3.5 V:	I _{IN(on)}	10	25	50	μA
Delay time for status with open load after Input neg. slope (see diagram page 12)		t _d (ST OL3)	40	--	300	μs
Status invalid after positive input slope (short circuit) T _j = -40 ... +150°C:		t _d (ST SC)	80	200	400	μs
Status output (CMOS) T _j = -40...+150°C, I _{ST} = - 50 μA:		V _{ST(high)} ¹²⁾	4.4	5.1	6.5	V
T _j = -40...+150°C, I _{ST} = +1.6 mA:		V _{ST(low)}	--	--	0.4	
Max. status current for valid status output,	current source (out):	-I _{ST}	--	--	0.25	mA
T _j = -40...+150°C	current sink (in) :	+I _{ST} ¹³⁾	--	--	1.6	

¹¹⁾ If a ground resistor R_{GND} is used, add the voltage drop across this resistor.

¹²⁾ $V_{St\ high} \approx V_{bb}$ during undervoltage shutdown

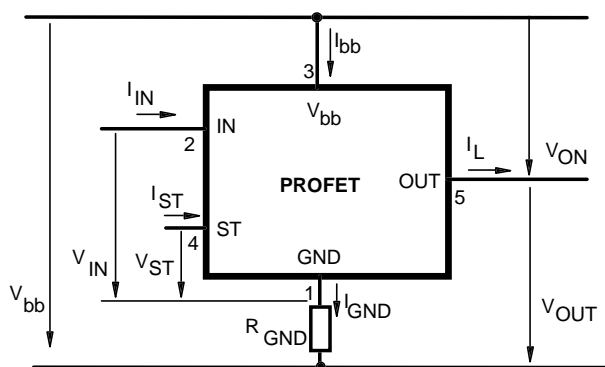
¹³⁾ No current sink capability during undervoltage shutdown

Truth Table

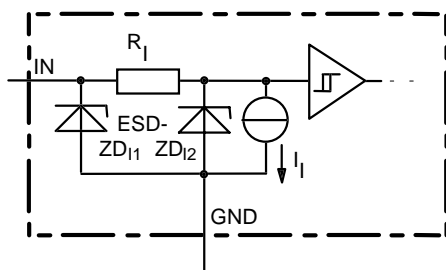
	Input-level	Output level	Status		
			432 D2	432 E2/F2	432 I2
Normal operation	L	L	H	H	H
	H	H	H	H	H
Open load	L	¹⁴⁾	H	H	L
	H	H	L	L	H
Short circuit to GND	L	L	H	H	H
	H	L	L	L	L
Short circuit to V_{bb}	L	H	H	H	L
	H	H	H (L ¹⁵)	H (L ¹⁵)	H
Overtemperature	L	L	L	L	L
	H	L	L	L	L
Under-voltage	L	L	L ¹⁶⁾	H	L ¹⁶⁾
	H	L	L ¹⁶⁾	H	L ¹⁶⁾
Overvoltage	L	L	L	H	L
	H	L	L	H	L

L = "Low" Level
H = "High" Level

Terms

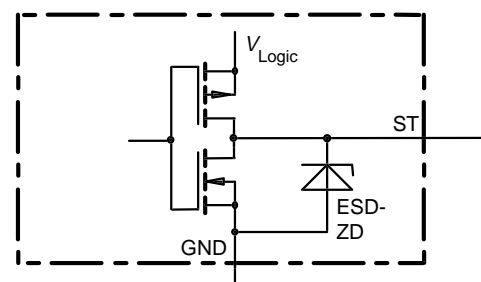


Input circuit (ESD protection)



ZD11 6.1 V typ., ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

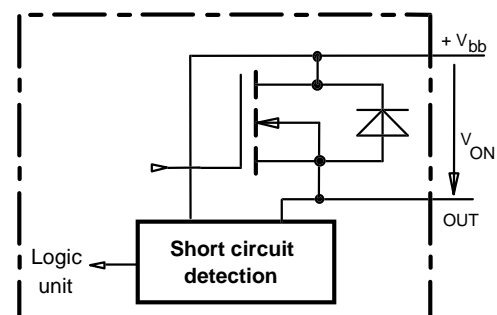
Status output



Zener diode: 6.1 V typ., max 5 mA, V_{Logic} 5 V typ, ESD zener diodes are not designed for continuous current

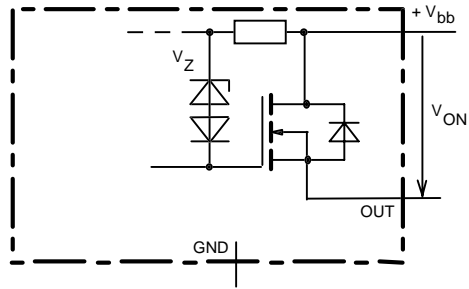
Short Circuit detection

Fault Condition: $V_{ON} > 8.3$ V typ.; IN high



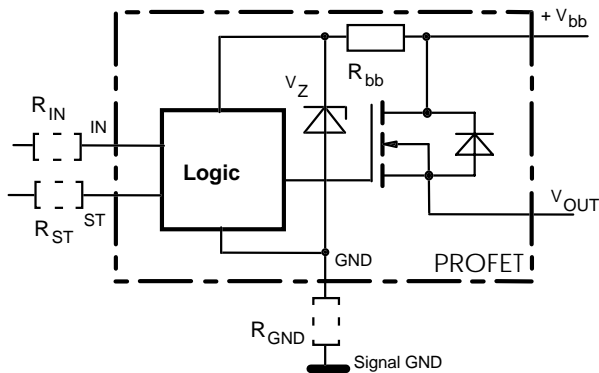
- 14) Power Transistor off, high impedance
- 15) Low resistance short V_{bb} to output may be detected by no-load-detection
- 16) No current sink capability during undervoltage shutdown

Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



V_{ON} clamped to 58 V typ.

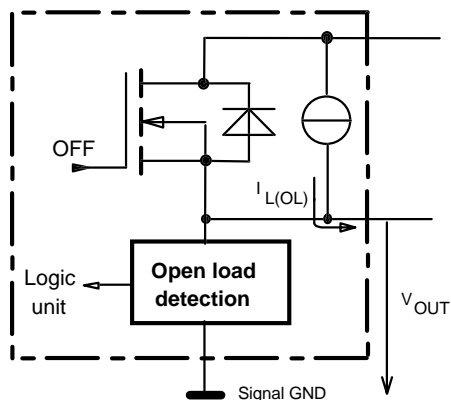
Overvolt. and reverse batt. protection



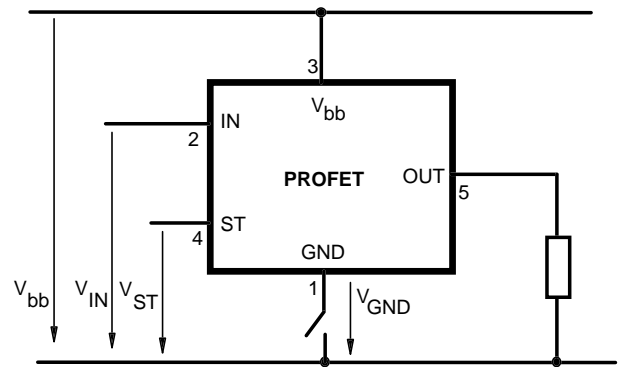
$R_{bb} = 120 \Omega$ typ., $V_Z + R_{bb} \cdot 40 \text{ mA} = 67 \text{ V}$ typ., add R_{GND} , R_{IN} , R_{ST} for extended protection

Open-load detection

OFF-state diagnostic condition: $V_{OUT} > 3 \text{ V}$ typ.; IN low

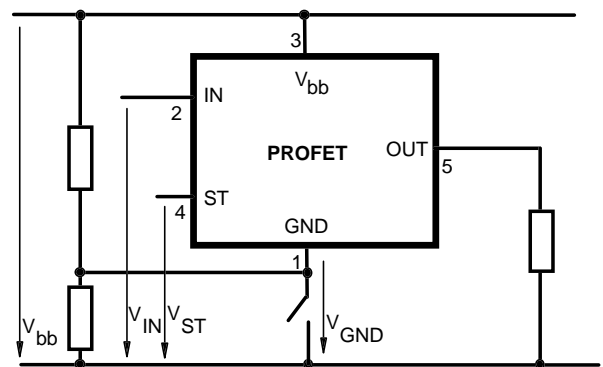


GND disconnect



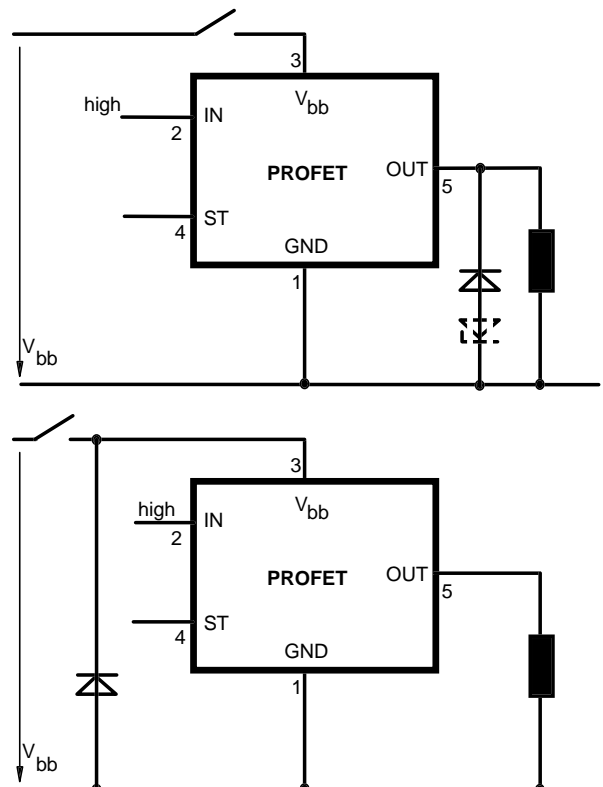
Any kind of load. In case of Input=high is $V_{OUT} \approx V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$. Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} = \text{low}$ signal available.

GND disconnect with GND pull up

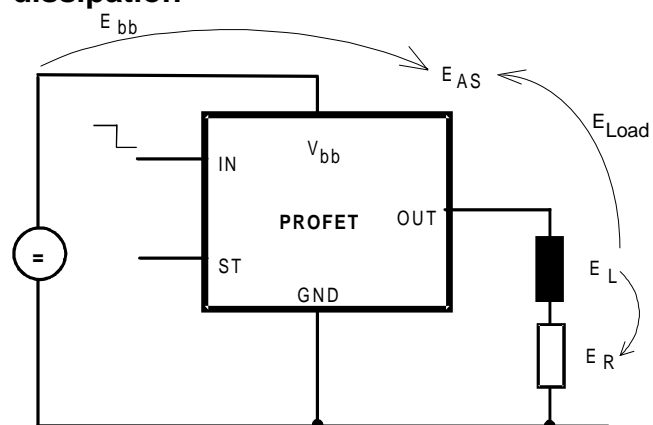


Any kind of load. If $V_{GND} > V_{IN} - V_{IN(T+)}$ device stays off. Due to $V_{GND} > 0$, no $V_{ST} = \text{low}$ signal available.

V_bb disconnect with charged inductive load



Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy dissipated in PROFET $E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R$.

$$E_{Load} < E_L, E_L = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2$$

Options Overview

all versions: High-side switch, Input protection, ESD protection, load dump and reverse battery protection , protection against loss of ground

Type	BTS	432D2	432E2	432F2	432I2
Logic version	D	E	F	I	
Overtemperature protection					
$T_j > 150\text{ °C}$, latch function ¹⁷⁾¹⁸⁾	X		X	X	X
$T_j > 150\text{ °C}$, with auto-restart on cooling		X			
Short-circuit to GND protection					
switches off when $V_{ON} > 8.3\text{ V typ.}^{17)}$ (when first turned on after approx. 200 μs)	X	X	X	X	X
Open load detection					
in OFF-state with sensing current 30 $\mu\text{A typ.}$ in ON-state with sensing voltage drop across power transistor	X	X	X	X	X
Undervoltage shutdown with auto restart	X	X	X	X	X
Overvoltage shutdown with auto restart	X	X	X	X	X
Status feedback for					
overtemperature	X	X	X	X	X
short circuit to GND	X	X	X	X	X
short to V_{bb}	⁻¹⁹⁾	⁻¹⁹⁾	⁻¹⁹⁾	⁻¹⁹⁾	X
open load	X	X	X	X	X
undervoltage	X	-	-	-	X
overvoltage	X	-	-	-	X
Status output type					
CMOS	X				X
Open drain		X	X		
Output negative voltage transient limit (fast inductive load switch off)					
to $V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$	X	X	X	X	X
Load current limit					
high level (can handle loads with high inrush currents)	X	X			
medium level					X
low level (better protection of application)			X		

¹⁷⁾ Latch except when $V_{bb} - V_{OUT} < V_{ON(SC)}$ after shutdown. In most cases $V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$ after shutdown ($V_{OUT} \neq 0\text{ V}$ only if forced externally). So the device remains latched unless $V_{bb} < V_{ON(SC)}$ (see page 4). No latch between turn on and $t_{d(SC)}$.

¹⁸⁾ With latch function. Reseted by a) Input low, b) Undervoltage, c) Overvoltage

¹⁹⁾ Low resistance short V_{bb} to output may be detected by no-load-detection

Timing diagrams

Figure 1a: V_{bb} turn on:

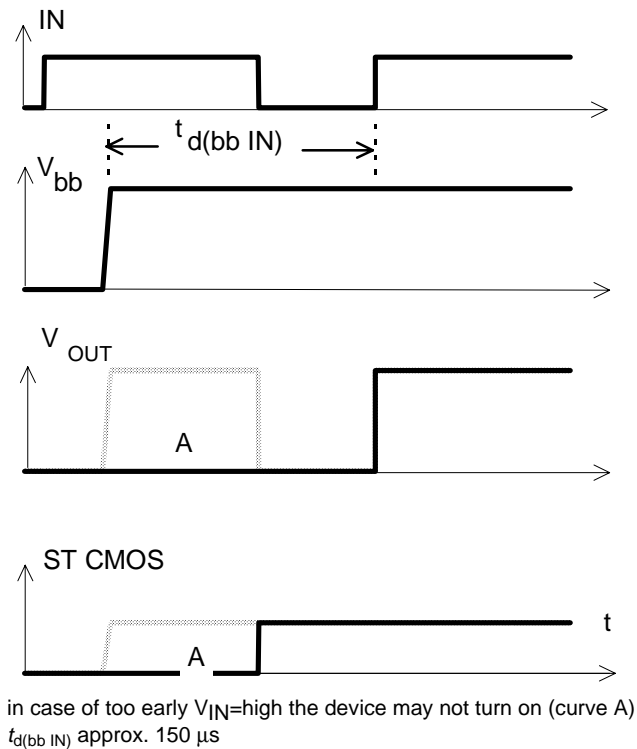


Figure 2a: Switching a lamp,

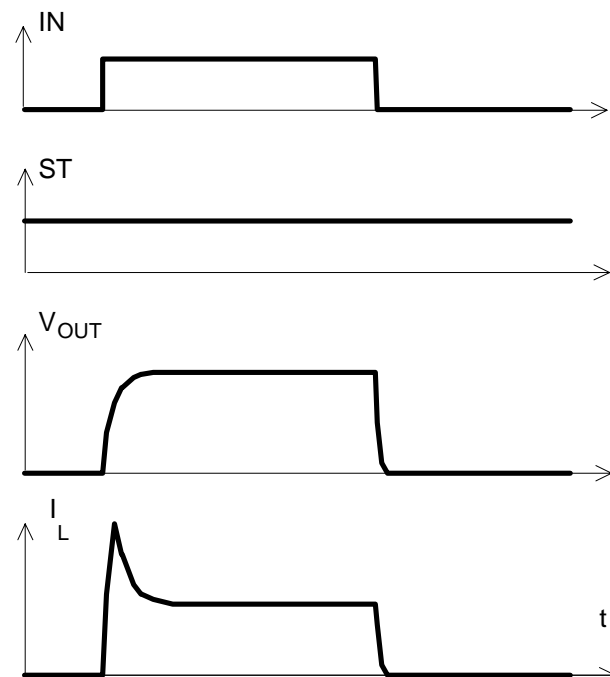


Figure 2b: Switching an inductive load

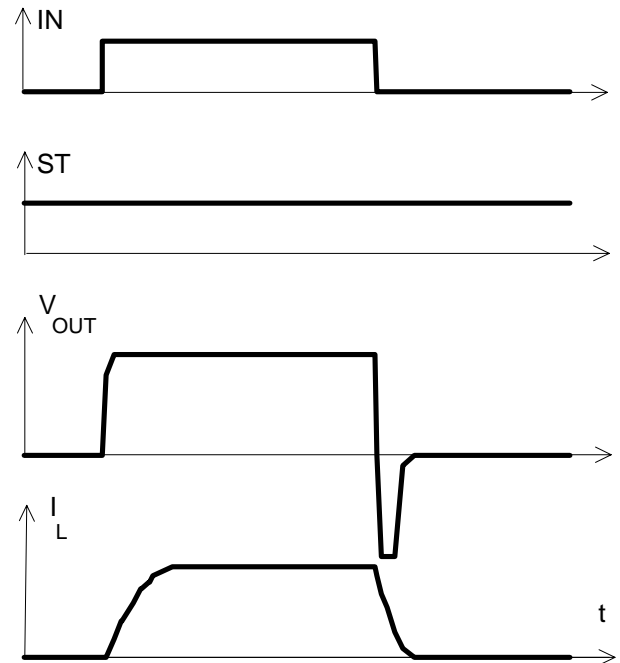


Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit,

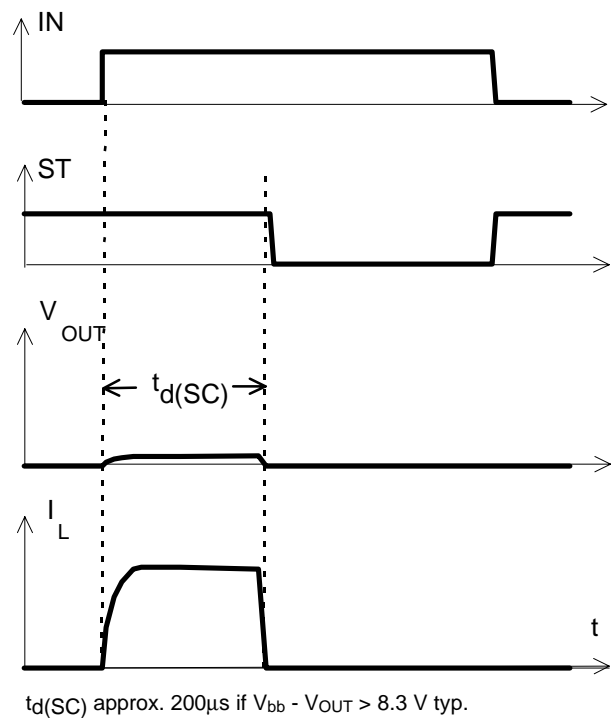


Figure 3b: Turn on into overload,

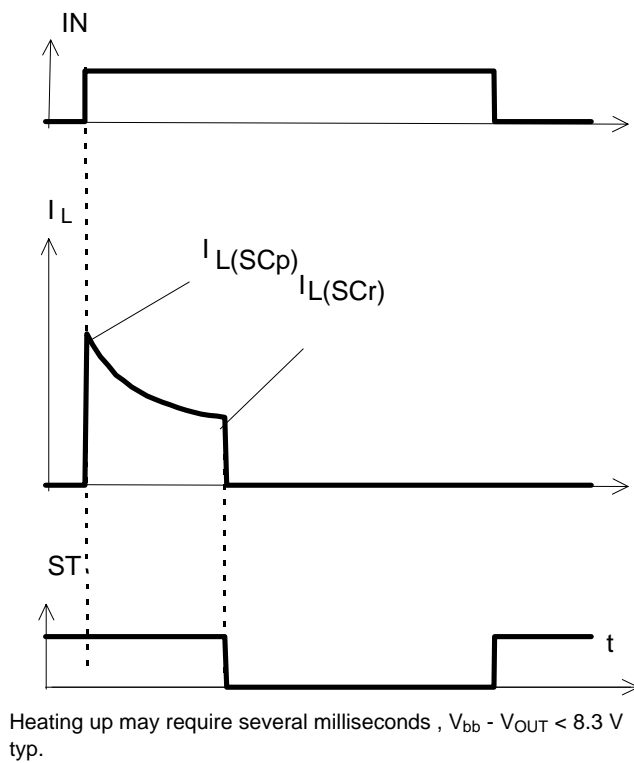


Figure 3c: Short circuit while on:

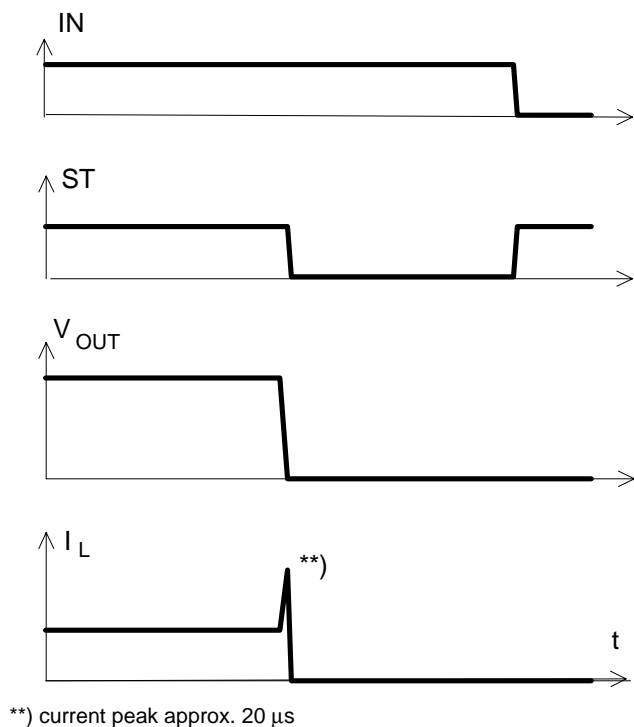


Figure 4a: Overtemperature,

Reset if $(I_N = \text{low})$ and $(T_j < T_{jt})$

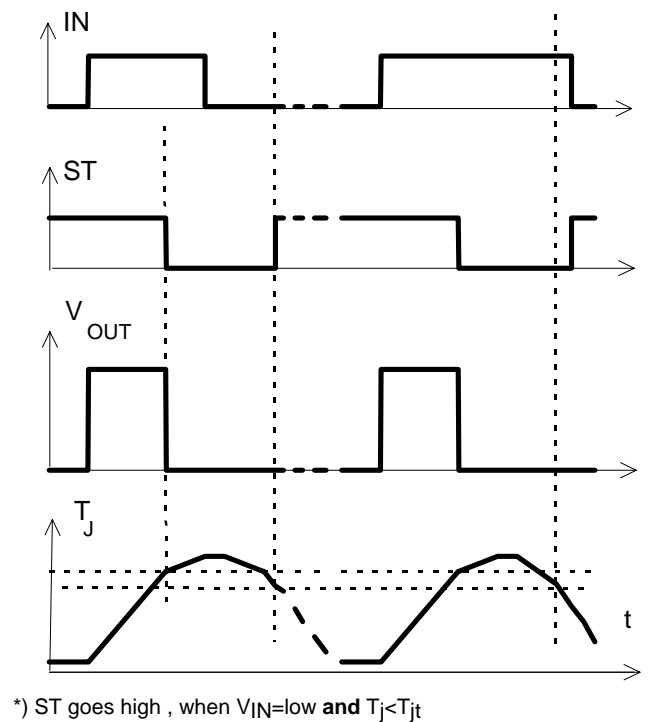


Figure 5a: Open load: detection in ON-state, open load occurs in on-state

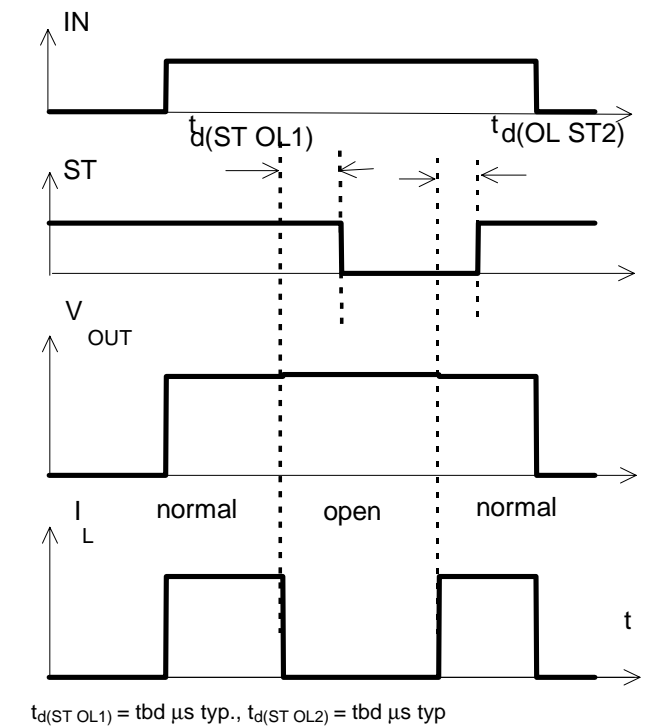
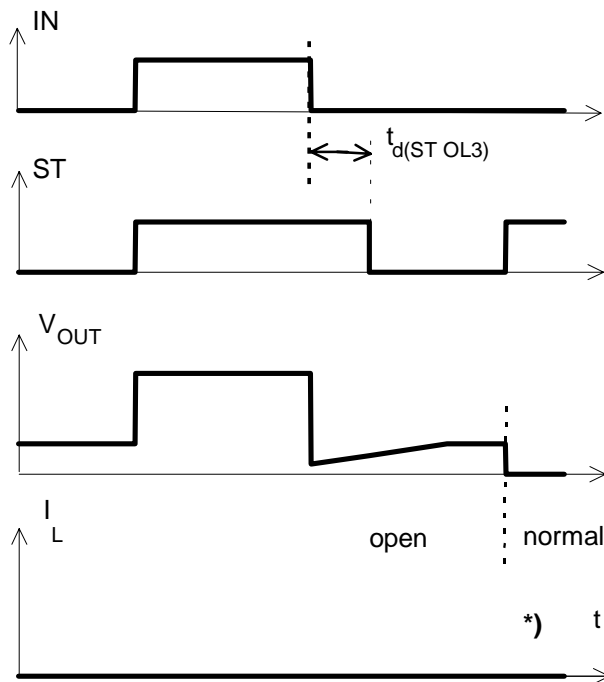
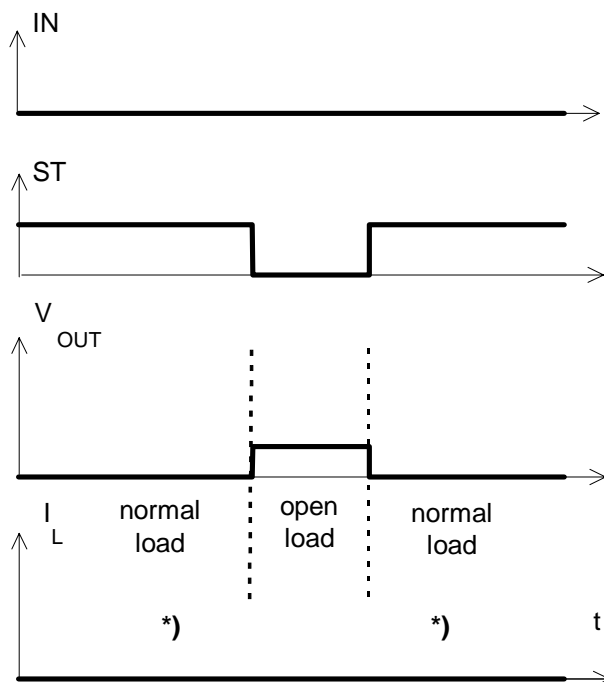


Figure 5b: Open load: detection in OFF-state, turn on/off to open load



in case of external capacity $t_{d(ST,OL3)}$ may be higher due to high impedance *) $I_L = 30 \mu A$ typ

Figure 5c: Open load: detection in OFF-state, open load occurs in off-state



*) $I_L = 30 \mu A$ typ

Figure 6a: Undervoltage:

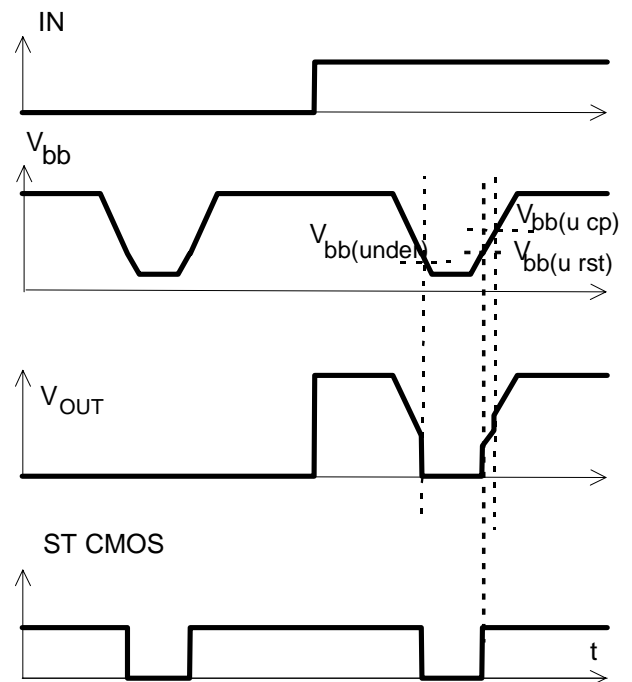
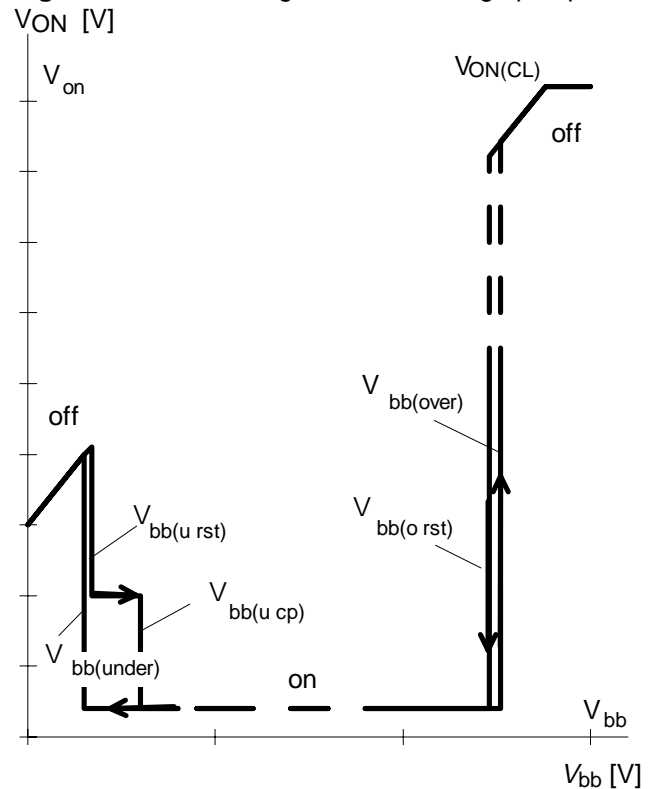
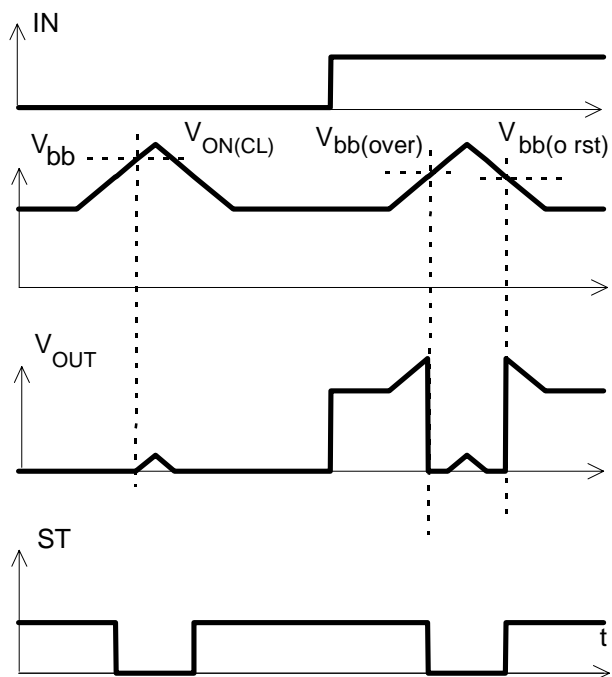


Figure 6b: Undervoltage restart of charge pump



charge pump starts at $V_{bb(ucp)} = 6.5 V$ typ.

Figure 7a: Overvoltage:



Package and Ordering Code

All dimensions in mm

Standard TO-220AB/5

Ordering code

BTS 432 I2	Q67060-S6204-A2
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SMD TO-220AB/5, Opt. E3122 Ordering code

BTS 432 I2 E3122A	T&R: Q67060-S6204-A3
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